



APR 2 9 2015

COVER SHEET

AHA/BJCP Sanctioned Competition Program


<http://www.bjcp.org>
<http://www.homebrewersassociation.org>

How to Read Your Scoresheet

Left Column:

Judges must give their names and are encouraged to give contact information so you can respond with praise or constructive criticism to their comments. Please don't ask the judge to remember your beer. Comments about your score are unlikely to accomplish anything but enmity, but helpful comments point out objective errors or poor quality feedback may help the judge to improve in the future.

If you feel that there is a significant problem with the quality of judging you have received, please contact the organizer of the competition and, if the judge has checked a BJCP rank, the BJCP (at the address at the bottom of this sheet). Include copies of the scoresheet and any other relevant information.

The **Judge Qualification** section is fairly self-explanatory. An Apprentice is a judge who has taken but not passed the BJCP exam. A non-BJCP judge has not taken the exam, but may be skilled. Honorary Master is a rank given out by the BJCP for recognition of exceptional service to the BJCP and/or homebrewing community. The other ranks are levels within the BJCP, based on the judge's experience and exam score.

The **Descriptor Definitions** list is used by some judges as a shorthand way to communicate the presence of common beer characteristics. Many, but not all, of these are considered flaws in beer, although some will be a flaw in some styles and desired in others. See the judge's comments on the right side of the sheet for more information.

Right Column

The **Category** and **Subcategory** designation shows the style against which your beer was judged. Most of the score your beer received represents how well the judges felt your beer represented this style. See below for more about scoring and style.

The **Bottle Inspection** is not used in determining your beer's score, but certain clues to potential problems can be gleaned from a bottle inspection. For example, "Ring around the collar," a line of material that appears on the bottle neck at the liquid surface, is sometimes an indicator of contamination, although it can have other causes. This section can also be used for comments about packaging in violation of some contests guidelines such as the use of distinctive bottles or incorrect bottle size.

Most entries into homebrew competitions are in categories that describe a particular style of beer. These styles are usually derived from a commercial beer, or group of similar beers, or a type of beer that is popular among home brewers. The score that is assigned to your beer is an indication of how closely the judge felt your beer matched the characteristics of that style. The style adherence is separated into four sections: **Aroma**, **Appearance**, **Flavor**, and **Mouthfeel**. The judges are looking for the presence and/or absence of various characteristics in each of these four sections, depending on the style. Your beer was scored accordingly.

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Judges and/or Stewards

Check all score sheets for accuracy and make sure the judge's full name is printed on each one. Attach this cover sheet on top of all score sheets.

BJCP Subcat: 14B - Entry # 0212
American IPA(4)

BJCP Guideline does not require Special Ingredients be listed for this subcategory

(Exhibitor: 194)

Ordinal Position in Flight: _____ of _____
☐ This beer advanced to a mini-BOS round

Final Assigned Score

26

At least two judges from the flight in which your beer was entered reached consensus on your final assigned score. It is not necessarily an average of the individual scores.

Place Awarded

—

In the final section, **Overall Impression**, the judge conveys how enjoyable the beer was and should attempt to offer suggestions for improvement. It may also be used to summarize the judge's feelings on aspects of the beer that fit neatly into one of the other four sections. The difference between a very good beer and a world class beer can often be in subtle or intangible details. Likewise, beers with no easily identifiable flaws can be lacking in specialness or "wow." This section is used to give such feedback.

The **Scoring Guide** is your guide to understanding the meaning of your total score on the 50 point scale used on this scoresheet.

Outstanding (45-50) – A world class example of the style. A beer with great character and no flaws.

Excellent (38-44) – Beers in this range may have no flaws but may be missing the intangibles for a world class beer.

Very Good (30-37) – Beers in this range may have a minor flaw (technical or stylistic), or may be lacking in balance or complexity.

Good (21-29) – A satisfactory beer that generally fits the style parameters. Scores near the upper end of this range may have only a few minor flaws or be slightly out of style and also may be

lacking in balance or complexity. Scores near the lower end of this range tend to have more flaws and are likely to have stylistic inconsistencies as well.

Fair (14-20) – This beer has its share of problems that may include missing the style parameters, off flavors and aromas, balance problems, contamination, or other major flaws. Scores near the lower end of this range exhibit more major flaws.

Problematic (0-13) – A beer with a major problem (usually contamination) that overwhelms all other flavors and aromas. Often barely palatable.

In box to the right of the Scoring Guide the judge has reiterated the feedback given in the five scored sections, breaking it down differently. Your beer has been rated on three scales: **Stylistic Accuracy**, **Technical Merit**, and **Intangibles**. The aroma of Cascade hops in a Bohemian Pilsener would be an example of a problem in **Stylistic Accuracy**. This can be thought of as recipe feedback. Excessive sourness would usually indicate a contamination problem which would be classified under **Technical Merit**. This can be thought of as process feedback. Some characteristics don't fall neatly into one category, for example grassy aromas might be from the type of hop used, or from using oxidized hops. Here the judge has tried to make the best guess for these ratings. **Intangibles** rates the same characteristics discussed above in **Overall Impression**. The checkboxes also give the entrant an overview of the beer's evaluation. By filling out the checkboxes, the judge is encouraged to think about the beer as a whole after the words are written and may also help justify the final score.

The Beer Judge Certification Program

The BJCP is the only body in North America that tests and certifies beer judges. The BJCP is a not-for-profit organization, and BJCP judges do not charge for their services. Contact the BJCP at: Comp_Director@BJCP.org.

APR 2 8 2015



BEER SCORESHEET



http://www.bjcp.org

AHA/BJCP Sancti

BJCP Subcat: 14B - Entry # 0212

association.org

Judge Name (print) Ernie Costello

Judge BJCP ID _____

Judge Email ecostello@gmail.com

Use Avery label # 5160

BJCP Rank or Status:

- ☐ Apprentice ☐ Recognized ☐ Certified
☐ National ☐ Master ☐ Grand Master
☐ Honorary Master ☐ Honorary GM ☐ Mead Judge
☐ Provisional Judge ☐ Rank Pending

Non-BJCP Qualifications:

- ☐ Professional Brewer ☐ Beer Sommelier ☒ Non-BJCP
☐ Certified Cicerone ☐ Master Cicerone
☐ Sensory Training ☐ Other _____

Descriptor Definitions (Mark all that apply):

- ☐ **Acetaldehyde** – Green apple-like aroma and flavor.
☐ **Alcoholic** – The aroma, flavor, and warming effect of ethanol and higher alcohols. Sometimes described as *hot*.
☐ **Astringent** – Puckering, lingering harshness and/or dryness in the finish/aftertaste; harsh graininess; huskiness.
☐ **Diacetyl** – Artificial butter, butterscotch, or toffee aroma and flavor. Sometimes perceived as a slickness on the tongue.
☒ **DMS (dimethyl sulfide)** – At low levels a sweet, cooked or canned corn-like aroma and flavor.
☐ **Estery** – Aroma and/or flavor of any ester (fruits, fruit flavorings, or roses).
☐ **Grassy** – Aroma/flavor of fresh-cut grass or green leaves.
☐ **Light-Struck** – Similar to the aroma of a skunk.
☐ **Metallic** – Tinny, coin, copper, iron, or blood-like flavor.
☐ **Musty** – Stale, musty, or moldy aromas/flavors.
☐ **Oxidized** – Any one or combination of stale, winy/vinous, cardboard, papery, or sherry-like aromas and flavors.
☒ **Phenolic** – Spicy (clove, pepper), smoky, plastic, plastic adhesive strip, and/or medicinal (chlorophenolic).
☐ **Solvent** – Aromas and flavors of higher alcohols (fusel alcohols). Similar to acetone or lacquer thinner aromas.
☐ **Sour/Acidic** – Tartness in aroma and flavor. Can be sharp and clean (lactic acid), or vinegar-like (acetic acid).
☐ **Sulfur** – The aroma of rotten eggs or burning matches.
☐ **Vegetal** – Cooked, canned, or rotten vegetable aroma and flavor (cabbage, onion, celery, asparagus, etc.).
☐ **Yeasty** – A bread, sulfury or yeast-like aroma or flavor.

Cat

Sut

Spe

(Exhibitor: 194)

Bottle Inspection: ☐ Appropriate size, cap, fill level, label removal, etc.

Comments

Slightly low fill

Aroma (as appropriate for style)

Comment on malt, hops, esters, and other aromatics

Citrus, resin, pine notes. Slight
dank note. Earthy, some cooked
vegetable aroma (DMS)

5 /12

Appearance (as appropriate for style)

Comment on color, clarity, and head (retention, color, and texture)

Reddish/copper. Good clarity with
tan, persistent head.

2 /3

Flavor (as appropriate for style)

Comment on malt, hops, fermentation characteristics, balance, finish/aftertaste, and other flavor characteristics

Melon, peach flavors. Some caramel
notes. DMS in flavor as well. Also
some plastic phenolics. Dry finish.
Resin and pine present as well. Finish
pursists with caramel.

9 /20

Mouthfeel (as appropriate for style)

Comment on body, carbonation, warmth, creaminess, astringency, and other palate sensations

Medium body with medium carbonation.
A little warmth. No astringency. A little
sickness in the mouthfeel.

3 /15

Overall Impression

Comment on overall drinking pleasure associated with entry, give suggestions for improvement

A little restrained on the hop profile,
caramel and malt notes sit in
front of the hops. Make certain
you get on full, rolling boil and
chill your wort quickly to avoid DMS.
Consider increasing hops at (over)

6 /10

Total

25 /50

SCORING GUIDE

Outstanding	(45 - 50): World-class example of style.
Excellent	(38 - 44): Exemplifies style well, requires minor fine-tuning.
Very Good	(30 - 37): Generally within style parameters, some minor flaws.
Good	(21 - 29): Misses the mark on style and/or minor flaws.
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Problematic	(00 - 13): Major off flavors and aromas dominate. Hard to drink.

Stylistic Accuracy	
Classic Example	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Not to Style
Technical Merit	
Flawless	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Significant Flaws
Intangibles	
Wonderful	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Lifeless

every level - bittering, flavor, aroma, and dry (if used). To avoid the phenolics, ensure you have a full and healthy yeast pitch and ferment at the appropriate temperature.



BEER SCORESHEET



http://www.bjcp.org

AHA/BJCP Sancti

BJCP Subcat: 14B - Entry # 0212

sociation.org

Judge Name (print) John Wheeler

Cat

Judge BJCP ID 61091

Sub

Judge Email wradulchire@gmail.com

Spe

(Exhibitor: 194)

Use Avery label # 5160

BJCP Rank or Status:

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☐ National ☐ Master ☐ Grand Master
☐ Honorary Master ☐ Honorary GM ☐ Mead Judge
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☐ **Sulfur** – The aroma of rotten eggs or burning matches.
☐ **Vegetal** – Cooked, canned, or rotten vegetable aroma and flavor (cabbage, onion, celery, asparagus, etc.)
☐ **Yeasty** – A bread, sulfury or yeast-like aroma or flavor.

Bottle Inspection: ☐ Appropriate size, cap, fill level, label removal, etc.

Comments Bottle fill is slightly low

Aroma (as appropriate for style)

Comment on malt, hops, esters, and other aromatics

Low perfume and resinous hop aroma. Malt sweetness from mid-range crystal malts. Some indeterminate fruitiness sweetness comes through. No diacetyl or DMS apparent

Appearance (as appropriate for style)

Comment on color, clarity, and head (retention, color, and texture)

Copper in color, it pours with a moderate off-white head that persists. Good clarity

Flavor (as appropriate for style)

Comment on malt, hops, fermentation characteristics, balance, finish/aftertaste, and other flavor characteristics

Hop bitterness is forward and backed by a caramel-based maltiness. Hop flavor is very low and overshadowed by the malt. Low to no esters. Finish starts as malty-caramelly and finishes with hop bitterness. Flavor is fairly clean and uncomplicated. As it warms the sweetness comes through a bit much.

Mouthfeel (as appropriate for style)

Comment on body, carbonation, warmth, creaminess, astringency, and other palate sensations

Medium high body with moderate carbonation. Some alcohol warmth but not hot or solventy. Moderately sweet & dry finish, not astringent

Overall Impression

Comment on overall drinking pleasure associated with entry, give suggestions for improvement

Overall this is pretty good. Very drinkable and the bitterness to malt ratio is ok. But, it really needs some more flavor and aroma hops to work in this category. Also, it comes out as a little sweet.

Total

27 /50

SCORING GUIDE

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Wonderful	<input type="checkbox"/>	Intangibles	<input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	Lifeless